(12) PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATION

12) PATENT APPLICATION PUBLICATION

(19) INDIA

(22) Date of filing of Application :01/01/2022

(21) Application No.202241000018 A

(43) Publication Date: 14/01/2022

## (54) Title of the invention: ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE PLASMA JET GENERATING SYSTEM.

(51) International classification

:H05H0001240000, G01N0033574000, H01M0004920000, H01M0004860000,

C23C0016513000

(86) International Application No Filing Date

:PCT// :01/01/1900

(87) International Publication No

: NA

(61) Patent of Addition to Application Number Filing Date

:NA :NA

(62) Divisional to Application Number Filing Date

:NA :NA

## (71)Name of Applicant: 1)Dr. G. DIVYA DEEPAK

Address of Applicant: Assistant Professor, Dept. of Mechanical Engg., Alliance College of Engg. and Design, Alliance University - Central Campus, Chikkahadage Cross, Chandapura - Anekal, Main Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka 562106 -

Name of Applicant: NA Address of Applicant: NA (72)Name of Inventor: 1)Dr. G. DIVYA DEEPAK

Address of Applicant: Assistant Professor, Dept. of Mechanical Engg., Alliance College of Engg. and Design, Alliance University - Central Campus, Chikkahadage Cross, Chandapura - Anekal, Main Road, Bengaluru, Karnataka 562106 ------

3)Dr. RANJAN KUMAR

Address of Applicant :Assistant Professor, Dept. of Mechanical Engg., Swami Vivekananda University, Barrackpore, Kolkata, West Bengal - 700121 ------

## (57) Abstract:

In this present invention, a dielectric barrier discharge plasma based atmospheric pressure plasma jet generating system has been developed using floating helix and floating end ring electrode design. This novel electrode design can generate longer plasma jet lengths while reducing the power consumption from Watts to mill Watts which is essential for biomedical applications. Also, since this electrode can produce longer plasma jet lengths, hence, it is very effective in distancing the cells/tissues from the plasma source. This atmospheric pressure plasma can be translated into portable device as it operates without the need for low pressure/vacuum.

No. of Pages: 15 No. of Claims: 7